

TESTFUNDA GENERAL KNOWLEDGE QUIZZES



BOOK 2



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PREFACE

From the past few years, many MBA entrance exams have shown a trend towards questioning a student's general knowledge and awareness. Even if some entrance exams do not contain GK questions directly, the challenging rounds of Group Discussion and Personal Interviews also grill a candidate on his/her knowledge of current affairs and other useful trivia.

To ace the tests and the GDPI rounds, it is imperative for a student to be well read and updated with the events and issues shaping the world around.

We, at TestFunda.com, conduct Online Quizzes that help broaden your awareness. These fun quizzes are an entertaining way of updating your GK and trivia. The quizzes in this book are designed to give students a wealth of information.

We are sure that our readers will benefit greatly from these books. They shall provide a high-quality cerebral recreation as well as a break from rigorous hours of study.



Online Quiz # 20 (30-Jan-09)

Directions for Questions 1 - 8: Identify these personalities:

Q1.



Q2.



Q3.



Q4.





Q5.



Q6.



Q7.



Q8.





Directions for Questions 9 & 10: Identify these monuments

Q9.



Q10.



 $\textbf{Directions for Questions 11-13:} \ Identify the artists of the paintings:$

Q11.



Q12.





Q13.



Q14.



Identify the technique used to paint this painting.

Q15.



What does this picture depict?



Directions for Questions 16 - 20: Identify the companies from their logos

Q16.



Q17.



Q18.



Q19.



Q20.



<u>View</u> the solutions of this quiz.

<u>Discuss</u> the quiz with TestFunda users.



Online Quiz #22 (14-Feb-09)

Q1. According to Legenda Aurea, Saint Valentine performed a miracle before he died. What was it?

Q2.



Identify this Man from his portrait.

Q3.

TO-MORROW IS SAINT VALENTINE'S DAY,
ALL IN THE MORNING BETIME,
AND I A MAID AT YOUR WINDOW,
TO BE YOUR VALENTINE.
THEN UP HE ROSE, AND DONN'D HIS CLOTHES,
AND DUPP'D THE CHAMBER-DOOR;
LET IN THE MAID, THAT OUT A MAID
NEVER DEPARTED MORE.

In which tragedy do these famous lines appear?

Q4.



What are these two lines famous for?



Q5.

For this was on sevnt Volantynys day
Whan euery bryd comyth there to chese his make."

What were these two lines actually written about?

Questions 6 - 10: Identify the following Movies:

Q6.



Q7.



Q8.





Q9.



Q10.



Questions 11 -14: Identify the following couples in history Q11.





Q12.



Q13.



Q14.





Q15. From these four pictures, Identify the Odd Man out:





Q16. Which alternative to Valentine's Day is celebrated on February 14th?

Q17.



Identify this person

Q18.



Identify the artist who painted this portrait.

Q19. A daughter of the King of a Greek God was abducted by a man, who bore the same as a contemporary city, which led to a Trojan war. Name the girl.



Q20.



Identify the Deity.

Q21. This town in Pakistan is visited for the mausoleum of two lovers. Name the town and the lovers.

<u>View</u> the solutions of this quiz.

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Online Quiz #24 (27-Feb-09)

Directions for Question 1 - 3: Identify these children who grew up to be celebrities:

Q1.



Q2.



Q3.



Q4. What is common to Happy, Sleepy and Dopy?



Q5.



Identify the naughty looking kid sipping the soft drink.

Directions for Questions 6 -8: Identify the movies:

Q6.



Q7.





Q8.



Q9.



Identify the character.

Q10.



Identify this man.



Q11.

"Some one's been sitting in my chair"

Name the fairy tale in which this statement appeared.

Q12. A certain effect named after a fairy tale character refers to atrocities committed on children by their step parents. Name the effect.

Q13.



Identify this game show.

Q14.

"I cannot for the life of me understand why small children take so long to grow up. I think they do it deliberately, just to annoy me."

In which movie did this dialogue appear?

Q15.



Name the author of the book in which a certain character uses this catchphrase.



Q16.



Identify this child.

Q17. A certain term which emphasizes the need for temperature or size conditions should be "just right" has been derived from a fairy tale. Identify the term.

Q18.

"Fee-fi-fo-fum! I smell the blood of an Englishman. Be he 'live, or be he dead, I'll grind his bones to make my bread."

Identify the story where these lines appear.

Q19.



Name the two sisters who essayed the role of this little girl.

Q20.



Identify this child actor.

<u>View</u> the solutions of this quiz.

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Online Quiz #26 (13-Mar-09)

- **Q1.** Which Fictional Character's address is regarded as the World's most well-known address?
- Q2. What does this symbol signify?



Q3.This woman's third autobiography has been the subject of immense controversy. Name the book.



Q4. A certain Indian Writer and novelist has been likened to the celebrated English novelist and actress in the picture. Name her.





Q5. Identify this famous writer.

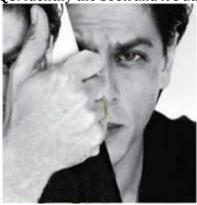


Q6. The autobiography of a certain "sister" tells us the story of a woman who belonged to a crushed community and had a meteoric rise in fate when she gets an opportunity to rule 200 million people. Name the "sister" and the book.

Q7. Name the Cartoonist who created this cartoon character.



Q8. Identify the book and it's author.





Q9. This movie was inspired by a story which was very similar to the concept and story of a hindi movie. Name the hindi movie and the story which inspired both the movies.



Q10. Identify this logo.



Q11. What does this represent?



Q12. Identify the book in which this line appears.

Never trust anything that can think for itself if you can't see where it keeps its brain.



Q13. Identify this logo.



Q14. Name the founding editor of the magazine who's logo bears this tagline.

Where Learning meets Fun

Q15. Identify the book by its cover. (Don't judge it though!)



Q16. Identify this celebrated author.



Q17. What does this picture represent?





Q18. Name the author whose book inspired this movie.



Q19. Identify the book by its cover. (Don't judge it though!)



Q20. Name the autobiography of the political leader who founded a party that adopted this symbol.



Q21. Name the author of the book that inspired this movie.



<u>View</u> the solutions of this quiz.

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Online Quiz #28 (27-Mar-09)

Q1. Identify the beautiful actress in the picture.



Q2. A man earned a sobriquet after contesting and being defeated in over 300 elections. Who was this person and what was the sobriquet?

Q3. What is common to these three leaders?



Q4. Identify the symbol.





Q5. What is common to these Prime Ministers?



Q6. A minister was referred to by the first name of this girl in the picture whose rape and murder by the son of a Police Inspector-General created quite a conspiracy. Name the minister.



- **Q7.** A certain word has not been defined in the Indian constitution. Name it.
- **Q8.** Identify the person the the picture.



Q9. What is common to these two women?





Q10. Who recently described the economic strategy of a prominent leader by using a phrase that is also the name of a Chris Rea album?

Q11. Identify the person in the picture.



Q12. A certain Vice-President is a keen environmentalist who also won a Nobel Prize and is also an author and former journalist. Name the President of his country at the time when he as Vice-President.

Q13. What is this woman famous for?



Q14. What event does this picture represent?



Q15. A former Prime Minister who is "weak in the knees" had been imprisoned by a prior Prime Minister during an emergency. Name him.



Q16. A certain word had been coined by Shiv Sena and BJP during the assembly elections in 2004. The word referred to a manifesto. Identify the word.

Q17. The two men in the picture were responsible for a certain movement being launched in India. What was it?



Q18. A certain contemporary actress recently held a special screening of her directorial debut while snubbing another leader in the process. Name the actress.

Q19. A certain journalist-turned-politician was well-known for publishing explicit pictures of the son of a defense minister in a magazine in order to discredit him, running the risk of violation of obscenity laws. Name her.

Q20. A certain actress, well known for her close association with a famous cricketer, is wooing the wooing the Congress for a ticket to the Mumbai North-west constituency. Name this actress.

Q21. Identify this politician.



View the solutions of this quiz.

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Online Quiz #30 (10-Apr-09)

Round 1: Brand Logos

In this round images of brand/company logos will be displayed. You have to identify the brand/company name.



Q2.



Q3.



Q4.



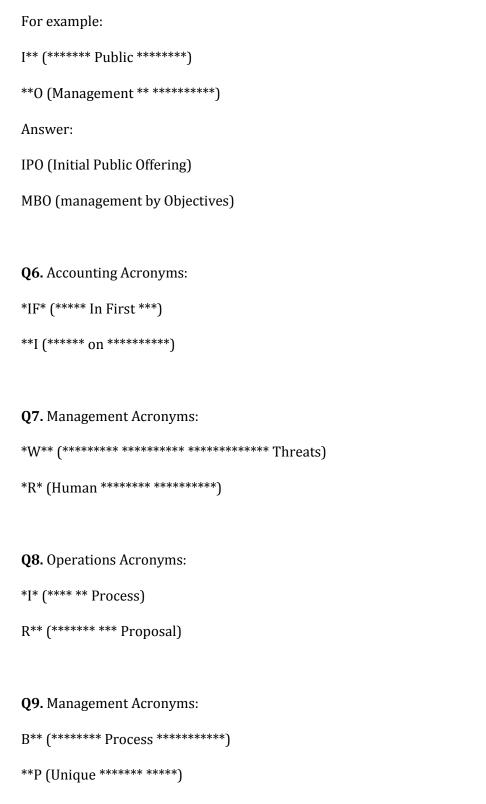
Q5.





Round 2: Acronyms

In this round you will be shown acronyms with some letters missing along with their long form with some words missing). You have to identify the acronym only. You need not right the complete long form in the answer.



Round 3: Advertisements



In this round you will be shown television commercials and will be asked questions about them.

Q10. Identify the product.



Q11. Identify the brand.



Q12. Identify the company.





Round 4 - Personalities

In this round you will shown pictures, you will have to identify the person.

Q13.



Q14.



Q15.





Q16.



Round 5 Trivia

Q17. This restaurant chain forced the McDonald's brothers (founders of McDonald's) to close their restaurant "Big M" and drove them out of business.

Q18. The name of this company is derived from a word that means 1 followed by one hundred zeroes.

Q19. This retail chain in India is inspired by a small family run shop in Chennai named Saravana? The corporate group to which this retail chain belongs has now also entered into insurance and finance fields. Name the retail chain.

Q20. A certain term in business terminology is a technique to generate ideas assuming that a group of people coming together to work will generate better ideas. Identify the term.

View the solutions of this quiz.

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Online Quiz #32 (24-Apr-09)

- **Q1.** Name the painting that Mr. Bean ruins in one of his movies.
- **Q2.** What movement did this painting begin?



Q3. This is a spoof. Name the original artist and the painting.



Q4. Identify the artist and why this painting caused a stir because of the artist's poetic license?





Q5. Name 4 Renaissance artists who came together to battle the "evil Shredder"

Q6. In which culture were these kinds of Mosaics popular and who is depicted here?



Q7. Who is the character in the statue going to fight against?



Q8. Name the monument and to who is it dedicated to?





Q9. Name the goddess. A company is named after her.



Q10. Identify this very famous statue.



Q11. This is a self portrait! Name the artist who sat still while he painted himself.



Q12. Where would you find these guys and what are they called?





Q13. Where would you find this sculpture?



Q14. This structure was destroyed in an earthquake. Name it.



Q15. Name the structure and the place where you would find this?



Q16. Name the city where one would find this.



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Q17. Where were these excavated from?



Q18. Name the artist the cat is holding.



Q19. Name the car used to create this painting that is larger than a football field.



Q20. Which company put their artistic touch to create this high-end fashion accessory? Also name the product.





Q21. Name the artist and this kind of art.



<u>View</u> the solutions of this quiz.

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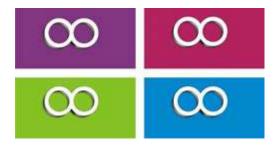


Online Quiz #34 (08-May-09)

Q1. Name this man whose signature is incorporated into the company logo.



Q2. What was the former name of this company?



Q3. Who is the founder of this company? Name the company.



Q4. Name the company and what is their primary product?





Q5. Name this company. (Full name is expected)



Q6. Who is the Ceo of this company?



Q7. Identify the logo.



Q8. Name the company. What is their tagline?



Q9. Name the company as well as their primary health and hygiene product.

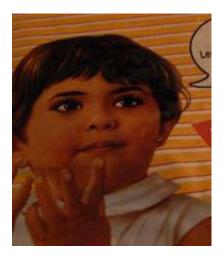


Q10. This company recently rebranded itself. Name it.





Q11. Which year was this company started in?



Q12. This is a flagship company of.....



Q13. A certain media company uses this font. Identify it (full name) and the person who founded it.





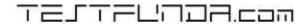
Q14. Find X. (in other words name the product and name the parent company.)



Q15. Name the company that uses this picture on their products.



Q16. Which product uses this font?



Q17. Name the Indian partner for this French global company.



Q18. This was the original logo a bit distorted. The company recently had a make-over. Name the company.





Q19. Identify this company. Now invert the colours, then turn the logo 90 degree clockwise, and identify the logo of this company.



Q20. Who is this logo associated with?



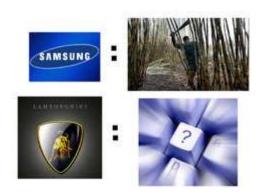
<u>View</u> the solutions of this quiz.

Discuss the quiz with TestFunda users



Online Quiz #36 (22-May-09)

Q1.

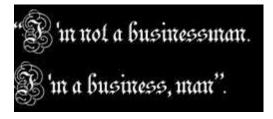


Q2. Who pioneered the direct selling strategy?

Q3.



Q4. Whose lines are these?



Q5.





Q6. Find a typewriter. Type capital C , then hit backspace. Now press the 'equals to' sign. Identify the symbol and what is the significance of the parallel lines?

Q7. Identify the person.



Q8. In India which mobile service claims the largest number of customers and name the foreign company that has a significant stake in it and how much?

Q9.



Q10. What is their primary product?





Q11. Who is being referred to below?



Q12. Identify the 2 logos.



Q13. Name the watch that NASA endorses.

Q14.



Q15. What is common to the chip manufacturing company 'Hynix' and the car 'Santro'.

Q16. Which company built the elevator for this building? Also what record does it hold?



Q17. The Bible is the world's best-selling book. Name the second.



Q18.



Q19. Which company has introduced a series of laptops whose tagline is "business is personal"? Also name the series.

Q20. What series of events is being depicted here?



<u>View</u> the solutions of this quiz.

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Online Quiz #38 (12-Jun-09)

Q1. What is common to these four logos?



Q2. Identify the character who always used to thwart these characters' plans.





Q3. Identify the Goddess in the statue.



Q4. A certain herbicide was applied to destroy the forest cover hiding the Viet Cong during the Vietnam War. Name that chemical.

Q5. Identify the logo. (Full name expected)



Q6. This advertisement has been issued in public interest by which organisation.





Q7. Name the movie where this line was used.



Q8. Identify the person in the picture.



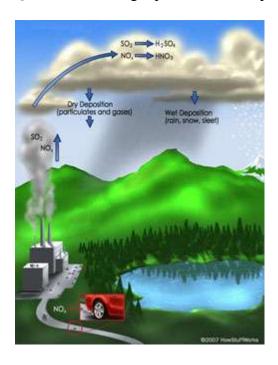
Q9. There is a word in English for people who think that humans, rather than exploiting nature, should live in harmony with it. Identify the word.

Q10. Identify the technology used in the product being advertised here. (Full name expected.)

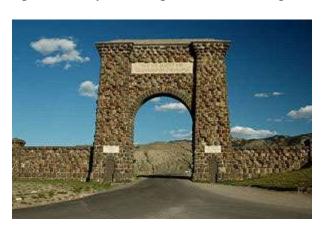




Q11. What is being represented in the picture?



Q12. The first picture depicts an entrance to a national park. The second picture represents characters whose antics were centered in a fictional park that was a take off on the park represented by the first picture. Name the park.







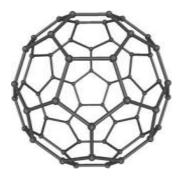
Q13. Identify the person in the picture.



Q14. Name the company manufacturing this car.



Q15. The chemical depicted here belongs to a family that has been a central focus in the buzz surrounding the emerging field of "nanotechnology". Name it and the family to which it belongs.



Q16. Name this Academy Award-winning movie.





Q17. Name the phenomenon related to a decrement in the amount of direct radiation at the surface of the earth that has reduced rainfall and evaporation by interfering with the hydrological cycle.

Q18. A side effect of industrial civilization has caused a form of pollution that has resulted in decreased visibilty at night, waste of energy and sky glow. Name this form of pollution.

Q19. This archipelago of islands, that are considered to be "Friendly", consists of how many islands?



Q20. What is depicted in the following pictures?



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ANSWERS



Solutions of Online Quiz #20

Answer 01: Somdev Devvarman

Somdev Devvarman (Born Guwahati 13 February 1985; also known as Somdev Dev Varman) is a Tennis player from India. He rose to prominence whilst at college at the University of Virginia in the USA, winning the NCAA Singles Championship twice in a row. Currently ranked #156 in the world, he is viewed as a promising star of the future.

Answer 02: Hafiz Muhammad Saeed

Hafiz Muhammad Saeed is the amir (leader) of the Jama'at-ud-Da'wah widely considered to be a cover organization for militant group Lashkar-e-Taiba (LeT). India considers him one of its most wanted terrorists. According to Hafiz Saeed, he has no links with LeT.

Answer 03: Swaraj Paul

Swaraj Paul, Baron Paul (born 1931) is an Indian-born, British-based business magnate and philanthropist. In 1996 he became a life peer, i.e. a member of the House of Lords, taking the title Baron Paul of Marylebone in the City of Westminster. On December 2008, He was appointed deputy speaker of House of Lords in UK, a first person of Indian origin to hold the post.

Answer 04: Vikram Pandit

Vikram Pandit (born on January 14, 1957) is the CEO of Citigroup. Pandit was born on January 14, 1957 in Nagpur, Maharashtra, India, to a moderately affluent Maharashtrian family. His father S B Pandit was an executive director of Sarabhai Chemicals in Baroda. Pandit completed his schooling at the Dadar Parsee Youths Assembly High School in Dadar, Mumbai. He moved to the United States when he was sixteen to study at Columbia University. He received B.S. , M.S. in electrical engineering and M.B.A in 1976, 1977 and 1980 respectively and Ph.D. in finance from Columbia Business School in 1986. He is a trustee at Columbia University.

Answer 05: Vikas Swarup

Vikas Swarup is an Indian diplomat and is currently Indian Deputy High Commissioner in South Africa. Rights to Q&A have been sold in over 35 countries. It is due to be made both into a stage musical and into a film, under the title SLUM DOG MILLIONAIRE. He is at work on his next book.

Answer 06: Cara Black

Cara Black (born February 17, 1979 in Harare, Zimbabwe) is a professional female tennis player from Zimbabwe. She is the current World No.1 in Doubles.

Answer 07: Sir Isaac Newton

Sir Isaac Newton, FRS (4 January 1643 – 31 March 1727 [OS: 25 December 1642 – 20 March 1726]) was an English physicist, mathematician, astronomer, natural philosopher, alchemist, and theologian and one of the most influential men in human history. His Philosophiæ Naturalis Principia Mathematica, published in 1687, is considered to be the most influential book in the history of science. In this work, Newton described universal gravitation and the three laws of motion, laying the groundwork for classical mechanics, which dominated the scientific view of



the physical Universe for the next three centuries and is the basis for modern engineering. Newton showed that the motions of objects on Earth and of celestial bodies are governed by the same set of natural laws by demonstrating the consistency between Kepler's laws of planetary motion and his theory of gravitation, thus removing the last doubts about heliocentrism and advancing the scientific revolution.

Answer 08: Caroline Kennedy

Caroline Bouvier Kennedy (born November 27, 1957) is an American author and attorney. She is a member of the influential Kennedy family and the only surviving child of U.S. President John F. Kennedy and First Lady Jacqueline Bouvier Kennedy.

Answer 09: The Louvre Museum

The Louvre Museum (French: Musée du Louvre), located in Paris, a historic monument, and a national museum of France. It is a central landmark, located on the ight Bank of the Seine in the 1st arrondissement (neighbourhood). Nearly 35,000 objects from the 6th millennium BC to the 19th century AD are exhibited over an area of 60,600 square metres (652,300 square feet)

Answer 10: IIM Shilong

The Rajiv Gandhi Indian Institute of Management, Shillong or RGIIM is a Business School recently setup by the Government of India in the state of Meghalaya. It is the seventh and youngest in the line of Indian Institutes of Management that are generally considered to be among the best business schools in India. It is named after former Prime Minster, Rajiv Gandhi and the foundation stone of the institute was laid by Shri Arjun Singh, HRD Minister on December 1, 2007 and was formally inaugurated by Dr Donkupar Roy The Chief Minister Of Meghalaya on 4th July 2008.

Answer 11: Vincent Van Gogh

Vincent Willem van Gogh (30 March 1853 – 29 July 1890) was a Dutch Post-Impressionist artist. Some of his paintings are now among the world's best known, most popular and expensive works of art. This painting, "The Potato Eaters" was considered Van Gogh's first great painting.

Answer 12: Claude Monet

Claude Monet (French pronounced also known as Oscar-Claude Monet or Claude Oscar Monet (14 November 1840 – 5 December 1926) was a founder of French impressionist painting, and the most consistent and prolific practitioner of the movement's philosophy of expressing one's perceptions before nature, especially as applied to plein-air landscape painting. The term Impressionism is derived from the title of his painting Impression, Sunrise. Claude Monet painted a series of paintings of the Palace of Westminster, home of the British Parliament, during his stay in London. The paintings have all the same size and viewpoint, Monet's window at St Thomas' Hospital overlooking the Thames. They are however painted at different times of the day and at different weather circumstances.

Answer 13: Leonardo Da Vinci

Leonardo di ser Piero da Vinci (it-Leonardo di ser Piero da Vinci.ogg pronunciation, April 15, 1452 – May 2, 1519) was an Italian polymath, being a scientist, mathematician, engineer, inventor, anatomist, painter, sculptor, architect, botanist, musician and writer. Leonardo has often been described as the archetype of the renaissance man, a man whose unquenchable



curiosity was equaled only by his powers of invention. He is widely considered to be one of the greatest painters of all time and perhaps the most diversely talented person ever to have lived. Helen Gardner says "The scope and depth of his interests were without precedent...His mind and personality seem to us superhuman, the man himself mysterious and remote". "The Virgin of the Rocks" sometimes the Madonna of the Rocks), is the usual title used for both of two different paintings with almost identical compositions, which are at least largely by Leonardo da Vinci. They are in the Louvre, Paris, and the National Gallery, London (this painting).

Answer 14: Sfumato Technique

Sfumato is the Italian term for a painting technique which overlays translucent layers of colour to create perceptions of depth, volume and form. In particular, it refers to the blending of colours or tones so subtly that there is no perceptible transition. In Italian sfumato means "smoky" and is derived from the Italian word fumo meaning smoke'. Leonardo da Vinci described sfumato as "without lines or borders, in the manner of smoke or beyond the focus plane".

Answer 15: The Rose Line

Rose Line is a name given to the Paris Meridian in the Priory of Sion mythology and popularized by Dan Brown in his novel The Da Vinci Code.

Answer 16: Total

Answer 17: JP Morgan/ Chase

Answer 18: ABN AMRO

Answer 19: Accenture

Answer 20: Saint Gobain



Solutions of Online Quiz #22

Answer 01: The Early Medieval acta of either Saint Valentine were excerpted by Bede and briefly expounded in Legenda Aurea. According to that version, St Valentine was persecuted as a Christian and interrogated by Roman Emperor Claudius II in person. Claudius was impressed by Valentine and had a discussion with him, attempting to get him to convert to Roman paganism in order to save his life. Valentine refused and tried to convert Claudius to Christianity instead. Because of this, he was executed. Before his execution, he is reported to have performed a miracle by healing the blind daughter of his jailer.

Answer 02: Geoffrey Chaucer.

Geoffrey Chaucer (c. 1343 – 25 October 1400?) was an English author, poet, philosopher, bureaucrat, courtier and diplomat. Although he wrote many works, he is best remembered for his unfinished frame narrative The Canterbury Tales. Sometimes called the father of English literature, Chaucer is credited by some scholars as the first author to demonstrate the artistic legitimacy of the vernacular English language, rather than French or Latin.

Valentine's Day became associated with romantic love in the circle of Geoffrey Chaucer in the High Middle Ages, when the tradition of courtly love flourished.

Answer 03: These lines were mentioned ruefully by Ophelia in Hamlet (1600-1601)

Answer 04: These two lines commenced the earliest surviving valentine is a fifteenth-century rondeau written by Charles, Duke of Orleans to his "valentined" wife.

Answer 05: While some claim the first recorded association of Valentine's Day with romantic love is in Parlement of Foules (1382) by Geoffrey Chaucer, this may be the result of misinterpretation. This poem was written to honor the first anniversary of the engagement of King Richard II of England to Anne of Bohemia. A treaty providing for a marriage was signed on May 2, 1381. (When they were married eight months later, he was 13 or 14, and she was 14.) Readers have uncritically assumed that Chaucer was referring to February 14 as Valentine's Day; however, mid-February is an unlikely time for birds to be mating in England.

Answer 06: My Fair Lady

My Fair Lady is a musical based upon George Bernard Shaw's Pygmalion and with book and lyrics by Alan Jay Lerner and music by Frederick Loewe. The story concerns Eliza Doolittle, a Cockney flower girl who takes speech lessons from professor Henry Higgins so that she can pass as a lady. Higgins takes credit for Eliza's success, but she realizes that she can now be independent and does not need him.

The musical's 1956 Broadway production was a smash hit, setting a new record for the longest run of any major musical theatre production in history. It was followed by a hit London production, a popular film version, and numerous revivals. It has been called "the perfect musical."

Answer 07: An affair to remember

An Affair to Remember is a 1957 film starring Cary Grant and Deborah Kerr, and directed by Leo McCarey.



The film is considered one of the most romantic of all time, according to the American Film Institute. The movie was a remake of McCarey's 1939 film Love Affair, starring Irene Dunne and Charles Boyer. An Affair to Remember was almost identical to Love Affair on a scene to scene basis. McCarey used the same screenplay as the original film, which was penned by Delmer Daves and Donald Ogden Stewart.

Contributing to the success of the 1957 film is its theme song "An Affair to Remember (Our Love Affair)' composed by Harry Warren with lyrics by Leo McCarey and Harold Adamson. The song is sung by Vic Damone during the opening credits and then sung later by Deborah Kerr's character, a nightclub singer. Kerr's singing was dubbed by Marni Nixon, who also dubbed for Kerr in the film The King and I.

Answer 08: Pretty Woman

Pretty Woman is a 1990 romantic comedy film. The film centers on the titular character, down-on-her-luck prostitute Vivian Ward (Julia Roberts) who is hired by a wealthy businessman and corporate raider, Edward Lewis (Richard Gere) to be his escort for several business functions, and their developing relationship.

Pretty Woman was initially intended to be a dark drama about prostitution in Los Angeles but was reconceptualized into a romantic comedy. The film was a critical success and became one of 1990's highest grossing films, and today is one of the most financially successful entries in the romantic comedy genre, with an estimated gross of \$464 million USD. Roberts received a Golden Globe Award for her role, and was nominated for an Academy Award for Best Actress. Screenwriter J. F. Lawton was nominated for a Writers Guild Award and a BAFTA Award. The film was followed by a string of similar romantic comedies, including Runaway Bride, which teamed up Gere and Roberts under the direction of Garry Marshall once again.

Answer 9: Casablanca

Casablanca (1942) is an American romantic drama film directed by Michael Curtiz, starring Humphrey Bogart, Ingrid Bergman and Paul Henreid and featuring Claude Rains, Conrad Veidt, Sydney Greenstreet and Peter Lorre. Set during World War II, it focuses on a man torn between, in the words of one character, love and virtue. He must choose between his love for a woman and helping her and her Resistance leader husband escape from the Vichy-controlled Moroccan city of Casablanca to continue his fight against the Nazis.

Answer 10: It's a wonderful life

It's a Wonderful Life (1946) is an American film produced and directed by Frank Capra and loosely based on the short story "The Greatest Gift" written by Philip Van Doren Stern.

The film takes place in the fictional town of Bedford Falls shortly after World War II and stars James Stewart as George Bailey, a man whose imminent suicide on Christmas Eve gains the attention of his guardian angel, Clarence Odbody (Henry Travers) who is sent to help him in his hour of need. Much of the film is told through flashbacks spanning George's entire life and narrated by Franklin and Joseph, unseen Angels who are preparing Clarence for his mission to save George. Through these flashbacks we see all the people whose lives have been touched by George and the difference he has made to the community in which he lives.



Answer 11: Antony and Cleopatra

Antony and Cleopatra is a tragedy by William Shakespeare. It was first printed in the First Folio of 1623.

The plot is based on Thomas North's translation of Plutarch's Life of Markus Antonius and follows the relationship between Cleopatra and Mark Antony from the time of the Parthian War to Cleopatra's suicide. The major antagonist is Octavius Caesar, one of Antony's fellow triumvirs and the future first emperor of Rome. The tragedy is a Roman play characterized by swift, panoramic shifts in geographical locations and in registers, alternating between sensual, imaginative Alexandria and the more pragmatic, austere Rome. Many consider the role of Cleopatra in this play one of the most complex female roles in Shakespeare's work. She is frequently vain and histrionic, provoking an audience almost to scorn; at the same time, Shakespeare's efforts invest both her and Antony with tragic grandeur. These contradictory features have led to famously divided critical responses.

Answer 12: Shah Jahan and Mumtaz Mahal

In 1631, Shah Jahan, emperor during the Mughal empire's period of greatest prosperity, was griefstricken when his third wife, Mumtaz Mahal, died during the birth of their fourteenth child, Gauhara Begum. The court chronicles of Shah Jahan's grief illustrates the love story traditionally held as an inspiration for Taj Mahal. The construction of Taj Mahal begun soon after Mumtaz's death with the principal mausoleum completed in 1648. The surrounding buildings and garden were finished five years later. Emperor Shah Jahan himself described the Taj in these words: Should guilty seek asylum here,

Like one pardoned, he becomes free from sin.

Should a sinner make his way to this mansion,

All his past sins are to be washed away.

The sight of this mansion creates sorrowing sighs;

And the sun and the moon shed tears from their eyes.

In this world this edifice has been made;

To display thereby the creator's glory.

Answer 13: Abelard and Heloise

The letters of Héloïse (1101-16 May 1164) and Peter Abelard are among the best known records of early romantic love.

Abelard and Heloise are one of the most celebrated couples of all time, known for their love affair... and for the tragedy that separated them.

In a letter to Abelard, Heloise wrote: "You know, beloved, as the whole world knows, how much I have lost in you, how at one wretched stroke of fortune that supreme act of flagrant treachery robbed me of my very self in robbing me of you; and how my sorrow for my loss is nothing compared with what I feel for the manner in which I lost you."

It's perhaps the most tragic love story ever ... Abelard and Heloise were two well-educated people, brought together by their passion, then separated by the act of her uncle's vengeance.



Answer 14: Marie and Pierre Curie

In 1894, Marie met the French chemist Pierre Curie (1859-1906), and they were married a year later. Although Pierre had already made a name for himself, their collaboration proved far more fruitful than his solo career.

They spent much of their careers studying radioactivity (a term coined by Marie), examining the particles and energy produced as radioactive atoms decayed, and in the process learned about the building blocks of matter. They established that the heavy element thorium was radioactive and discovered two new elements: polonium and radium. They refined techniques for extracting radium from ores.

Marie won Nobel Prizes in both physics and chemistry for their work. (Pierre failed to share in the second simply because he was dead.) Yet despite living in near povertyóthey spent most of their money on further researchóthey were idealistic enough to refuse to patent any of their potentially lucrative discoveries. Pierre was killed when he was run down by a horse-drawn carriage. Marie died of leukemia, almost certainly the result of a lifetime of exposure to high levels of radiation. Ironically, one of the enduring applications of their work has been in the treatment of cancer with radiation.

Answer 15: Yves Montand

The Four men in the pictures are: Yves Montand, Arthur Miller, Joe DiMaggio and James Dougherty. Yves Montand. Montand was a French actor who starred with her in the 1960's film 'Let's Make Love'. The other three men were husbands of Marilyn Monroe.

Despite a troubled marriage, Joe DiMaggio claimed Marilyn was the great love of his life, and allegedly sent roses to her grave every week until his own death.

Answer 16: Singles Awareness Day (SAD).

Singles Awareness Day (SAD) is a humorous holiday celebrated on February 14 (although some prefer the 13th or the 15th to get away from the commercialism associated with the 14th). It serves as an alternative to Valentine's Day for people who are single: that is, who are not involved in a romantic relationship. Some observers of SAD do so out of spite for Valentine's Day, as a Hallmark holiday, or for other reasons.

Answer 17: Anjem Choudhary.

Anjem Choudhary (born in 1967) is a Muslim lawyer, Islamist and follower of Omar Bakri Mohammed. He has founded two Islamist organizations which were later designated and banned as terrorist by the British government. Choudary has urged Muslims to not cooperate with the police in fighting terrorism, and has recently called for the assassination of the Pope.

Anjem Choudary has warned Brit lovers that if they celebrate Valentine's Day they will rot in Hell.

This controversial Muslim cleric rants that exchanging cards, sending roses or enjoying romantic candlelit dinners are "sordid acts influenced by the Devil".

Answer 18: This is an 1870 oil painting by Ford Madox Brown depicting Romeo and Juliet's famous balcony scene. Ford Madox Brown (16 April 1821 – 6 October 1893) was an English



painter of moral and historical subjects, notable for his distinctively graphic and often Hogarthian version of the Pre-Raphaelite style. While he was closely associated with the Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood, he was never actually a member. Nevertheless, he remained close to Dante Gabriel Rossetti, with whom he also joined William Morris's design company, Morris, Marshall, Faulkner & Co., in 1861.

Answer 19: Helen of Troy

In Greek mythology, Helen, better known as Helen of Sparta, later Helen of Troy, was the daughter of Zeus and Leda (or Nemesis), wife of King Menelaus of Sparta and sister of Castor, Polydeuces and Clytemnestra. Her abduction by Paris brought about the Trojan War.

Answer 20: Eros.

Eros, or Aros in Greek mythology, was the primordial god of lust, love, and intercourse; he was also worshipped as a fertility deity. His Roman counterpart was Cupid, "desire", also known as Anor, "love". In some myths, he was the son of the deities Aphrodite and Ares, but according to Plato's Symposium he was conceived by Poros (Plenty) and Penia (Poverty) at Aphrodite's birthday. This explains the different aspects of love. Like Dionysus, he was sometimes referred to as Eleutherios, "the liberator".

Answer 21: Heer and Ranjha are buried in a Punjabi town in Pakistan called Jhang, Punjab. Lovers and others often pay visits to their mausoleum.



Solutions of Online Quiz #24

Answer 01: Tom Cruise

Thomas Cruise Mapother IV (born July 3, 1962), better known by his screen name Tom Cruise, is an American actor and film producer. Forbes magazine ranked him as the world's most powerful celebrity in 2006. He has been nominated for three Academy Awards and won three Golden Globe Awards.

Answer 02: Jennifer Lopez

Jennifer Lynn Lopez (born July 24, 1969), popularly nicknamed J.Lo, is an American Golden Globe-nominated actress, Grammy Award-nominated singer, record producer, dancer, fashion designer and television producer. She is the richest person of Latin American descent in Hollywood according to Forbes, and the most influential Hispanic entertainer in America according to People en Español's list of "100 Most Influential Hispanics".

Answer 03: Keanu Reaves

Keanu Charles Reeves (born September 2, 1964) is a Canadian-American actor best known for his portrayals of Neo in the action film trilogy The Matrix, Ted Logan in Bill & Ted's Excellent Adventure and Bill and Ted's Bogus Journey, and Officer Jack Traven in Speed. Other notable roles include starring as Siddhartha Gautama in Little Buddha; as Scott Favor in the drama My Own Private Idaho opposite River Phoenix; as Johnny Mnemonic in the sci-fi film Johnny Mnemonic opposite Dolph Lundgren; as Kevin Lomax in the supernatural thriller The Devil's Advocate opposite Al Pacino; the chevalier Danceny in Dangerous Liaisons; and starring roles in Chain Reaction, Constantine and the epic surf drama Point Break.

Answer 04: They are dwarfs from Snow White and the seven dwarfs.

Answer 05: Shahrukh Khan.

Does he need an introduction?

Answer 06: Pollyanna

Pollyanna (1960) is a Walt Disney Productions feature film starring child actress Hayley Mills, Jane Wyman, and Richard Egan in a story about a cheerful orphan changing the outlook of a small town. Based upon the novel Pollyanna (1913) by Eleanor Porter, the film was written and directed by David Swift. The film marks Mills' first of six films for Disney and won the actress a special Academy Award. Pollyanna has been broadcast on television and released to VHS and DVD.

Answer 07: Mary Poppins

Mary Poppins is a 1964 musical film starring Julie Andrews and Dick Van Dyke and produced by Walt Disney, based on the Mary Poppins books series by P. L. Travers with illustrations by Mary Shepard. The film was directed by Robert Stevenson and written by Bill Walsh and Don DaGradi, with songs by Richard M. Sherman and Robert B. Sherman. It was shot at Walt Disney Studios in Burbank, California.



Answer 08: The Wizard of Oz

The Wizard of Oz is a 1939 American musical-fantasy film mainly directed by Victor Fleming and based on the 1900 children's novel The Wonderful Wizard of Oz by L. Frank Baum. The film features Judy Garland as Dorothy Gale, Ray Bolger as the Scarecrow, Jack Haley as the Tin Man, Bert Lahr as the Cowardly Lion, Billie Burke as Glinda, the Good Witch of the North, Margaret Hamilton as the Wicked Witch of the West, and Frank Morgan as the Wizard.

Answer 09: Sid is a ground sloth shown in both films as one of the main characters. While he is always called "Sid", Sid's full name is Sidney, as revealed by his would-be paramour Sylvia.

Answer 10: Albert Fish

Albert Hamilton Fish (May 19, 1870 – January 16, 1936) was an American serial killer. He was also known as the Gray Man, the Werewolf of Wysteria, the Brooklyn Vampire, and The Boogeyman. A child molester and cannibal, he boasted that he had "had children in every state," and at one time put the figure at around 100. However, it is not clear whether he was talking about molestation or cannibalization, less still as to whether he was telling the truth. He was a suspect in at least five murders in his lifetime. Fish confessed to three murders that police were able to trace to a known homicide, and confessed to stabbing at least two other people. He was put on trial for the kidnapping and murder of Grace Budd, and was convicted and executed via electric chair.

Answer 11: Goldilocks and the three bears or The Story of the Three Bears.

"The Story of the Three Bears" is a children's tale first recorded by Robert Southey and published in a volume of his writings in 1837.

Three anthropomorphic male bears—"a Little Bear, a Mama Bear, and a Papa Bear"— live together in a house in the woods. Southey describes them as very good natured, trusting, harmless, tidy, and hospitable. Each bear has his own porridge pot, chair, and bed. One day they take a walk in the woods while their porridge cools. Goldilocks, a young girl, discovers the bear's dwelling. After assuring herself no one is about, she enters the house, eats Little Bear's porridge, then settles into his chair and breaks it. Prowling about, she finds the bear's beds and falls asleep in Little Bear's bed. The climax of the tale is reached when the bears return. Little finds Goldilocks in his bed and cries, "Somebody has been lying in my bed,—and here she is!" Goldilocks starts up, jumps from the window, and is never seen again.

Answer 12: Cinderella Effect.

The Cinderella effect is a term used by psychologists to describe the high incidence of stepchildren being physically abused, sexually abused, neglected or murdered, or otherwise mistreated at the hands of their stepparents at significantly higher rates than their genetic counterparts. It takes its name from the fairytale character Cinderella, who in the story was cruelly mistreated by her stepmother and stepsisters.

Answer 13: Legends of the Hidden Temple.

Legends of the Hidden Temple is a physical challenge game show for children. Hosted by Kirk Fogg, the show was produced by Nickelodeon in association with Stone Stanley Productions and was taped at Nickelodeon Studios at Universal Studios in Orlando, Florida. The show incorporated physical stunts, as well as questions based on topics related to history, mythology,



and geography. Each episode featured six teams of two children (one boy and one girl) competing for prizes. Teams competed in various elimination contests until one team remained, who then earned the right to go through "the Hidden Temple" and retrieve a historical artifact to win a grand prize.

Answer 14: Matilda.

Matilda is a 1996 film directed by Danny DeVito. It is based on Roald Dahl's children's novel. The film was released by TriStar Pictures. It is rated PG by the MPAA for elements of exaggerated elements of meanness and ridicule and for some mild language.

These words were uttered by Agatha Trunchbull (Pam Ferris), a cruel school principal in the movie.

Answer 15: Charles Dickens.

This catchphrase was used by Ebenezer Scrooge in A Christmas Carol which was written by Charles Dickens. A Christmas Carol is a Victorian morality tale of an old and bitter miser, Ebenezer Scrooge, who undergoes a profound experience of redemption over the course of a Christmas Eve night. If the experience doesn't change Scrooge's ways, he will end up walking the Earth forever being nothing but an invisible and lonely ghost, like his deceased friend Jacob Marley. Mr. Scrooge is a financier/moneychanger who has devoted his life to the accumulation of wealth. He holds anything other than money in contempt, including friendship, love, and the Christmas season.

Answer 16: Sonam Kapoor.

Sonam Kapoor, born June 9, 1985 in Mumbai, Maharashtra, India is an Indian actress who appears in Bollywood movies. She is the daughter of Anil Kapoor and Sunita Kapoor and niece of producer Boney Kapoor, actor Sanjay Kapoor and Sandeep Marwah. Before starting her career off as an actress, Kapoor worked as an assistant under Sanjay Leela Bhansali, and assisted him during the making of his film, Black (2005). She made her acting debut alongside newcomer Ranbir Kapoor in Bhansali's Saawariya (2007), which failed to do well at the box office. Her performance was opened to good response by most critics. In 2009, Kapoor appeared in Rakeysh Omprakash Mehra's Delhi-6 opposite Abhishek Bachchan.

Answer 17: Goldilocks phenomenon.

The "Goldilocks phenomenon" is the necessity for conditions such as size or temperature to be "just right". The term derives from the story of Goldilocks, who preferred porridge which was "not too hot, and not to cold".

Answer 18: Jack and the Beanstalk.

Jack and the Beanstalk is an English fairy tale of a boy named Jack who was sent to the market one day instructed by his mother to sell their cow. As Jack proceeded to the market he met a stranger who offered to trade five "magic beans" for the cow. Jack accepted the trade and returned back home with the beans in his pocket. Jack's mother was angered that he had not obeyed her instructions to sell the cow and threw the beans out of the window. As Jack slept, the beans germinated into the soil and a gigantic beanstalk grew in their place by morning. When Jack saw the huge beanstalk, he immediately decided to climb up it. He arrived in a land high up



in the clouds that happened to be the home of a giant. When he broke into the giant's castle, the giant quickly sensed a human was near:

Fee-fi-fo-fum!

I smell the blood of an Englishman.

Be he 'live, or be he dead,

I'll grind his bones to make my bread.

However, Jack was saved by the giant's wife and as he escaped from the palace, he took a bag of gold coins with him. Jack desired to seek out more treasures from the castle in the clouds and climbed once more up the beanstalk. This time he stole a hen which laid golden eggs. Again he was saved from harm by the giant's wife.

Jack disregarded being nearly discovered by the giant twice and decided to go up the beanstalk a third time. This time, he stole a magical harp that played by itself. The instrument did not appreciate being stolen and called out to the giant for help. The giant chased Jack down the beanstalk, but Jack managed to get to the ground before the giant did. Jack, seeing an axe on the ground beside him, immediately chopped the beanstalk down. The giant fell to earth, hitting the ground so hard that it split, pulling the beanstalk down with him.

Answer 19: Mary-Kate and Ashley Olsen

Mary-Kate Olsen and Ashley Fuller Olsen (born June 13, 1986) are American actresses, best known for playing the role of Michelle Tanner on the sitcom Full House. Both have appeared in television and films since infancy. Since then, they have continued their celebrity through numerous television programs, films, interviews, as well as commercial endorsements. They are fraternal twins but prefer the term individual pair

Answer 20: Hatty Jones.

Hatty Jones is a former British-born American child actress whose sole credit was playing the role of the title character in the 1998 movie Madeline. Madeline is a live-action adaptation of the book series by Ludwig Bemelmans, starring Hatty Jones as the title character, Frances McDormand as Miss Clavel and Nigel Hawthorne as Lord Cucuface aka Lord Covington. The film encompasses the plots of four Madeline books.



Solutions of Online Quiz #26

Answer 01: Sherlock Holmes and Doctor John H. Watson lived at 221b Baker Street, London between 1881-1904, according to the stories written by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle. The house was last used as a lodging house in 1936 and the famous 1st floor study overlooking Baker Street is still faithfully maintained as it was kept in Victorian Times in the Sherlock Holmes Museum. It is considered to be "The World's most Famous Address".

Answer 02: This is the symbol of the Deathly Hallows mentioned in Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows which represents all three objects symbolically: the Wand, the Stone, and the Cloak.

Answer 03: Ka by Taslima Nasreen.

Autobiographical books of Taslima raised controversy not only because of her attacks on Islam but also for narratives involving the private lives of different people, mainly from the literary circle. Taslima candidly described her intimate sexual relationship with a number of persons and explicitly indicated them by name and was said to have been implying that they had sought to be intimate with her. Published in 2003, Ka, her third autobiographical book, was the first to raise such issues. Taslima came under severe attack by several progressive writers and intellectuals who described Ka as a book written with the "business aspect in mind". The 400-page book was described as nothing but pornography by the left-leaning newspaper "The Hindu".

Answer 04: Shobha De.

Jacqueline Jill "Jackie" Collins (in the picture) is an English novelist and former actress. She is the younger sister of actress Joan Collins. Each of Collins' twenty-six novels have been on the New York Times bestsellers list. Shobha De is often known as India's Jackie Collins.

Answer 05: Bankim Chandra Chatterjee (27 June 1838 - 8 April 1894) was a Bengali poet, novelist, essayist and journalist, most famous as the author of Vande Mataram or Bande Mataram, that inspired the freedom fighters of India, and was later declared the National Song of India.

Answer 06: Behenji A Political Biography Of Mayawati by Ajoy Bose.

Eminent journalist Ajoy Bose brings his in-depth experience of covering Indian politics for over three decades to this pioneering political biography of Mayawati. He explores the background of her meteoric rise and examines the growing national clout of this unique woman who could, quite possibly, determine the shape of the next Indian government, and even be the country's prime minister one day.

Answer 07: Pram Kumar Sharma.

Pran began his career in 1960 as a cartoonist for the Delhi-based newspaper Milap with comic strip Daabu. In 1969, he sketched Chacha Chaudhary for the Hindi magazine Lotpot, which made him famous. Pran has also created other cartoon characters like Shrimatiji, Pinki (in this picture), Billoo, Raman, Channie Chachi and others, which are regularly published in Indian magazines. Maurice Horn, the editor of World Encyclopedia of comics, has described him as "Walt Disney of India" in World Encyclopedia of comics.



Answer 08: 'Still Reading Khan' - SRK by Mustag Shiekh

Answer 09: This Movie, Memento, is a 2000 psychological thriller film written and directed by Christopher Nolan, adapted from his brother Jonathan's short story "Memento Mori". This story had the same concept as that of the Bollywood movie Ghajini directed by A. R. Murugadoss.

Answer 10: Bloomsbury Publishing.

Answer 11: Man Booker Prize for Fiction.

The Man Booker Prize for Fiction, also known in short as the Booker Prize, is a literary prize awarded each year for the best original full-length novel, written in the English language, by a citizen of either the Commonwealth of Nations or Ireland. The winner of the Booker Prize is generally assured of international renown and success and, for this reason, the prize is of great significance for the book trade. It is also a mark of distinction for authors to be nominated for the Booker longlist or selected for inclusion in the shortlist.

Answer 12: Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets. These words were spoken to Ginny Weasley by her father, Arthur Weasley.

Answer 13: Amar Chitra Katha

Amar Chitra Katha, "Immortal Captivating (or Picture) Stories") is one of India's largest selling comic book series, with more than 90 million copies sold in 20 Indian languages. Founded in 1967, the imprint has more than 400 titles that retell stories from the great Indian epics, mythology, history, folklore, and fables in a comic book format.

Answer 14: Anant Pai also known as Uncle Pai.

Tinkle is an Indian monthly comic Indian magazine, published in several Indian languages. Originally owned by the India Book House, the Tinkle brand was acquired by ACK Media in 2007. The Magazine combines comics, puzzles, quizzes, contest and other features in a unique mix targeted at school children. It is published in English and syndicated in many Indian languages like Malayalam. The magazine's online site TinkleOnline.com is a community of loyal Tinkle readers and other users worldwide.

Anant Pai was the founding editor of the magazine, who became popular among its readership as Uncle Pai.

Answer 15: A Thousand Splendid Suns by Khaled Hosseini.

Answer 16: Aravind Adiga.

Aravind Adiga (born 23 October 1974) is a journalist and author, who holds dual Indian and Australian citizenship. His debut novel, The White Tiger, won the 2008 Man Booker Prize.

Answer 17: The Pulitzer Medal.

The Pulitzer Prize is an American award regarded as the highest national honor in newspaper journalism, literary achievements and musical composition. It is administered by Columbia University in New York City.



Prizes are awarded yearly in twenty-one categories. In twenty of these, each winner receives a certificate and a US\$10,000 cash reward. The winner in the public service category of the journalism competition is awarded a gold medal, which always goes to a newspaper, although an individual may be named in the citation.

Answer 18: Jhumpa Lahiri.

Jhumpa Lahiri (born Nilanjana Sudeshna on 11 July 1967) is an American author of Bengali Indian descent. Lahiri's debut short story collection, Interpreter of Maladies (1999), won the 2000 Pulitzer Prize for Fiction, and her first novel, The Namesake (2003), was adapted into the popular film of the same name.

Answer 19: The Alchemist by Paulo Coelho.

Answer 20: Mein Kampf by Adolf Hitler.

The Reverse Swastika (in the picture) was adopted by the Nazi Party of Germany founded by Adolf Hitler.

Answer 21: C.S. Lewis

The Chronicles of Narnia: The Lion, the Witch and the Wardrobe is a 2005 epic fantasy film directed by Andrew Adamson based on The Lion, the Witch and the Wardrobe, the first published novel in C. S. Lewis's children's fantasy series The Chronicles of Narnia.



Solutions of Online Quiz #28

Answer 01: Jayalalithaa Jayaram or J. Jayalalitha (as commonly referred), (born February 24, 1948), is a former Chief Minister and current leader of the opposition of the Government of Tamil Nadu, India. She is the incumbent general secretary of All India Anna Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam, a Dravidian party in the state. She is popularly called Amma (mother) and Puratchi Thalaivi (Revolutionary Leader) by her followers. She was a popular film star in Tamil cinema before her entry into politics.

Answer 02: Kaka Joginder Singh (1918 in Gujranwala - December 23, 1998 in Bareilly) (alias Dharti Pakad meaning "one who clings to the ground") was a textile owner who contested and lost over 300 elections in India. His nomination papers were usually disregarded by the election commission and he earned the nickname Dharti Pakad (one who clings) after several unsuccessful runs for the President of India. The most prolific year for him was during the 1992 10th Presidential elections where he earned fourth place in the polling with 1135 votes, losing to Shankar Dayal Sharma. He also tried elections from 14 states of India in the 1990s, mostly for state assemblies.

Answer 03: They, Mayawati, H.D. Deve Gowda and Prakash Karat are the leaders of the Third Front.

Answer 04: This is the Election Symbol of the Communist Party of India (Marxist), CPI(M).

Answer 05: They were all Rajya Sabha Members.

Answer 06: Indira Gandhi also known as Priyadarshini (bearing the same first name as the girl in the picture, Priyadarshini Matoo).

Indira Priyadarshini Gandhi (19 November 1917 - 31 October 1984) was the Prime Minister of the Republic of India for three consecutive terms from 1966 to 1977 and for a fourth term from 1980 until her assassination in 1984, a total of fifteen years. She was India's first and, to date, only female Prime Minister.

Answer 07: Backward.

Answer 08: Justice Iftikhar Muhammad Chaudhry.

Pakistan's twice sacked chief justice Iftikhar Chaudhury is returning to his old post after the government reinstated him to stave off a huge rally planned by lawyers and the opposition. His return is being hailed as a victory for an independent judiciary.

Answer 09: Both these women (Annie Besant and Sonia Gandhi) have been Presidents of the Congress.

Answer 10: Czech Prime Minister Mirek Topolanek, the head of the European Union, slammed President Barack Obama's plan to spend nearly \$2 trillion to push the U.S. economy out of recession as "the road to hell" that EU governments must avoid. Incidentally, "The Road to Hell" is a 1989 album by Chris Rea, and is one of Rea's most famous albums.



Answer 11: Shashi Tharoor (born 9 March 1956) is an Indian diplomat, politician, and writer who has been known mostly for his having worked as an Indian diplomat at the United Nations. In 2006, he was the official candidate of India for the office of United Nations Secretary-General, and came second out of seven official candidates in the race. Tharoor served as the UN Under-Secretary General for Communications and Public Information between June 2002 and February 2007, during the term of Secretary-General Kofi Annan. He is an author, journalist, and fellow of the USC Center on Public Diplomacy.

Answer 12: Bill Clinton.

Al Gore Biography (Albert Arnold Gore, Jr.): 45th Vice President of the United States of America (Democratic Party)

Famous for : being the 45th vice president of the USA under President Bill Clinton, for losing the presidential election in 2000 to George W Bush in a controversial election, and for the environmental film "An Inconvenient Truth".

Answer 13: Sirimavo Bandaranaike was the world's first female Prime Minister.

Sirimavo Ratwatte Dias Bandaranaike (April 17, 1916 - October 10, 2000) was a politician from Sri Lanka (formerly Ceylon). She was Prime Minister of Ceylon and Sri Lanka three times, 1960-1965, 1970-1977 and 1994-2000, and was the world's first female prime minister. She was a leader of the Sri Lanka Freedom Party. She was the wife of a previous Sri Lankan prime minister, Solomon Bandaranaike and the mother of Sri Lanka's third president, Chandrika Kumaratunga. She was also mother of the late Anura Bandaranaike, former speaker and minister and Sunethra Bandaranaike, philanthropist.

Answer 14: The Boston Tea Party.

The Boston Tea Party was a direct action protest by colonists in Boston, a city in the British colony of Massachusetts, against the British government. On December 16, 1773, after officials in Boston refused to return three shiploads of taxed tea to Britain, a group of colonists boarded the ships and destroyed the tea by throwing it into Boston Harbor. The incident remains an iconic event of American history, and has often been referenced in other political protests.

Answer 15: Atal Bihari Vajpayee.

Atal Bihari Vajpayee (born December 25, 1924) served as the thirteenth and sixteenth Prime Minister of India. After a brief stint as Prime Minister in 1996, Vajpayee headed a coalition government from October 13, 1999 until May 19, 2004. He has since retired from active politics, though as a Member of Parliament, he has at times commented on various issues. When Indira Gandhi declared state of emergency in 1975, the RSS and BJS joined a wide-array of parties in opposing the suspension of elections and civil liberties. Vajpayee, along with many of his colleagues, was briefly jailed during that period.

Answer 16: Vachan Nama.

The Shiv Sena and the BJP had famously coined the word Vachan Nama for manifesto during the 2004 assembly elections.



Answer 17: The Naxal Movement.

In 1967, the Communist Party of India (Marxist) consented to contesting elections and forming a coalition government in West Bengal. Disillusioned by this, a group of party activists, led by Charu Majumdar and Kanu Sanyal, staged a violent uprising against the party leadership. The uprising was triggered off in Naxalbari village in West Bengal when hired goons attacked a tribal who had been granted a piece of land by the court. In retaliation, the local farmers and the rebelling party activists attacked the landlords. The term "Naxal" has its origins in the name of this village.

Answer 18: Nandita Das.

Nandita Das had a special screening of her directorial debut 'Firaaq' for Congress General Secretary, Rahul Gandhi while seeing "no reason" in doing the same for Narendra Modi.

Answer 19: Maneka Gandhi.

As a journalist, Maneka Gandhi made headlines for her shocking publication in Surya Magazine of photos showing sexual intercourse between Suresh Ram (son of the then Defence Minister Babu Jagjivan Ram) and Sushma Chaudhury, a University of Delhi student. Her daring publication of the photos ran the risk of violation of obscenity laws. The revealing pictures[11] were published apparently to discredit Jagjivan Ram, who defected from the Indira Gandhi government and helped bring Janata Party to power in 1977. He was one of the contenders for the post of Prime Minister of India.

Answer 20: Nagma.

Rumours have been rife that Nagma will not be getting the Congress ticket for the Mumbai North-West constituency, yet the former actress refuses to give up and is parked in New Delhi allegedly trying to get a ticket. She has been photographed coming out from Congress president Sonia Gandhi's residence.

Answer 21: Fidel Castro.

Fidel Alejandro Castro Ruz (born August 13, 1926) is a Cuban revolutionary leader who was prime minister of Cuba from February 1959 to December 1976 and then president, premier until his resignation from the office in February 2008.



Answer 01: Gatorade.

Answer 02: Royal Bank of Scotland

Answer 03: Hitachi.

Answer 04: Bausch & Lomb

Answer 05: Cleartrip.com

Answers 06:

FIFO (First In First Out)

ROI (Return On Investment)

Answers 07:

SWOT (Strengths Weaknesses Opportunities Threats)

HRM (Human Resource Management)

Answers 08:

WIP (Work In Process)

RFP (Request for Proposal)

Answers 09:

BPO (Business Process Outsourcing)

USP (Unique Selling Point)

Answer 10: Tata Tea.

Answer 11: Bharti Airtel.

Answer 12: Max New York Life Insurance.



Answer 13: Kiran Karnik

A post-graduate from Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad, Mr. Karnik holds an Honours degree in Physics from Bombay University.

Kiran Karnik was President of NASSCOM, the premiere advocacy organization for the IT software and services industry in India, till January 2008.

He has been a member of many key government committees, and is presently a member of the Scientific Advisory Council to Prime Minister. He also has a deep involvement with a number of NGOs in the areas of education and environment. He is currently Vice Chairman of the Steering Committee of the Commonwealth Connects programme.

Answer 14: Venugopal Dhoot, CMD of Videocon Industries

Answer 15: Jaspal Bindra.

Mr. Jaspal Singh Bindra, 46, is the Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Asia of Standard Chartered Bank Limited.

Answer 16: Girish Wagh

Girish Wagh is General Manager at TATA Motors and is considered as the brain behind Nano project.

Answer 17: McDonald's

In 1961, Ray Kroc purchased the company McDonald's from the brothers with all the rights. The brothers retained the original shop with them and had to change the name to "Big M". Ray Croc then opened a McDonald's store nearby and forced the brothers out of business completely.

Answer 18: Google

Google is named after Googol, which means a very large number i.e. 1 followed by 100 zeroes.

Answer 19:

Big Bazaar

It is inspired from a small family shop in Chennai Saravana Stores. The company is a part of Future Group which has recently made its foray in Finance and Insurance.

Answer 20: Brainstorming.



Answer 01: Whistler's Mother.

Mr. Bean ruins the painting in an attempt to clean it.





Answer 02: The Impressionist.

The painting is the Impression, Sunrise (Impression, soleil levant) (1872/1873).

Answer 03: The Scream by Edvard Munch.

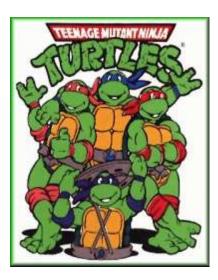




Answer 04: Bar at the Folies-Bergère by Édouard Manet.

The reflection of the lady is not behind her as it should be from our point of view. The reflection is painted from the eyes of the man who is seen in the mirror.

Answer 05: Michelangelo, Donatello, Raphael & Leonardo. They were the Teenage Mutant Ninja Turtles.



Answer 06: The Romans. Alexander the Great is portrayed.

The mosaic is made of about one and a half million tiny coloured tiles called tesserae, arranged in gradual curves called opus vermiculatum, (literally, "worm work," because they seem to replicate the slow motion of a crawling worm).

Answer 07: Goliath.

The Statue of David is a masterpiece of Renaissance sculpture sculpted by Michelangelo from 1501 to 1504. The 5.17 meter (17 ft) marble statue portrays the Biblical King David before battle.

Answer08: The Parthenon and it is dedicated to Athena

Answer 09: Nike the goddess of victory. I don't think the company needs an introduction

Answer 10: Aphrodite of Milos, better known as the Venus de Milo, is an ancient Greek statue and one of the most famous works of ancient Greek sculpture, created at some time between 130 and 100 BC.

Answer 11: Paul Cézanne (19 January 1839 – 22 October 1906) was a French artist and Post-Impressionist painter

Answer 12: The Moai of Easter Island.

Anyone who watched the cartoon Johnny Quest would recognize this from a very famous episode.

Answer 13: Bombay Stock Exchange.



Answer 14: Lighthouse at Alexandria.

The Lighthouse of Alexandria was a tower built in the 3rd century BC (between 285 and 247 BC) on the island of Pharos in Alexandria, Egypt to serve as that port's landmark, and later, its lighthouse.

Answer 15: Sun Temple, Konark

Answer 16: Paris.

Answer 17: Harappa, India

Answer 18: Salvador Dali.

Salvador Domingo Felipe Jacinto Dalí i Domènech, 1st Marquis of Púbol (May 11, 1904 – January 23, 1989) was a Spanish Catalan surrealist painter born in Figueres. Dalí was a skilled draftsman, best known for the striking and bizarre images in his surrealist work. His painterly skills are often attributed to the influence of Renaissance masters. His best-known work, The Persistence of Memory, was completed in 1931

Answer 19: BMW Z4.

Robin Rhode created his "Expression of Joy" project, along with the four BMW Art Cars. Other artists like Frank Stella, Andy Warhol, Roy Lichtenstein and Robert Rauschenberg were also part of the BMW art car show.

Answer 20: Motorola, Product: Motorola Aura

It costs only Rs.1.11lakh

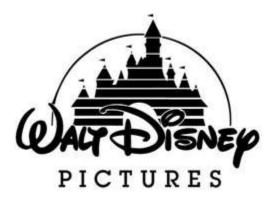
Answer 21: Hans Christian Anderson. The art is called Papercutting.

A Danish author and poet, and an artist most famous for his fairy tales. Among his best-known stories are "The Steadfast Tin Soldier", "The Snow Queen", "The Little Mermaid", "Thumbelina", "The Little Match Girl", "The Ugly Duckling" and "The Red Shoes".



Answer 01: Walt Disney.

His Signature has always been the fascination of those who analyze handwriting.



Answer 02: BPL.

BPL Mobile, Mumbai's oldest and longest standing mobile service brand, recently rebranded itself as Loop Mobile.



Answer 03: Michael Dell and the company is Dell.

While a student at the University of Texas at Austin in 1984, Michael Dell founded the company as PC's Limited with capital of \$1000. Operating from Michael Dell's off-campus dorm-room at Dobie Center, the startup aimed to sell IBM PC-compatible computers built from stock components.





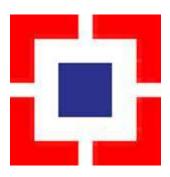
Answer 04: Exide. Batteries

It manufactures the largest range of storing batteries in the world.



Answer 05: Housing Development Finance Corporation

HDFC Bank Ltd. is a commercial bank of India, incorporated in August 1994, after the Reserve Bank of India allowed etablishing private sector banks.



Answer 06: Ceo of Tata Indicom is Subramaniam Ramadorai



Answer 07: Playwin is India's first and largest online gaming company promoted by the Essel group of companies. Playwin is the latest brainchild of Mr. Subhash Chandra, the visionary media baron, who gave India its first Satellite channel; Zee TV



Answer 08: Subway. Eat fresh.



Answer 09: Unilever. Lifebuoy.



Answer 10: Xerox

Answer 11: Parle agro. 1929.

A small factory was set up in the suburbs of Mumbai, to manufacture sweets and toffees.



Answer 12: Future Group.

Answer 13: CNN, Cable News Network.

U.S. cable news network founded in 1980 by Ted Turner. CNN was the first station to provide 24-hour television news coverage.



Answer 14: Sony's Xplod



Answer 15: Sunsilk



Answer 16: Play Station Portable or PSP.



Answer 17: Bharti

Bharti AXA General Insurance is a joint venture between Bharti Enterprises and AXA, world leader in financial protection and wealth management. The company was founded by Sunil Bharti Mittal. AXA is a French global insurance companies group headquartered in Paris.





Answer 18: Canara Bank





Answer 19: Bajaj. Volkswagen.



Answer 20: Barack Obama

Barack Hussein Obama II is the 44th and current President of the United States and the first African American to hold the office. Obama was the junior United States Senator from Illinois from January 2005 until November 2008, when he resigned after his election to the presidency.





Answer 01:



Tractors.

Samsung was initially into sugar production and Lamborghini initially manufactured tractors.

Answer 02: Brownie Wise of Tupperware.

Answer 03:



Sonic is the mascot for Sega just as Super Mario is the mascot for Nintendo.

Answer 04: Kanye West in the song Diamonds From Sierra Leone (feat. Jay-Z)

Answer 05:

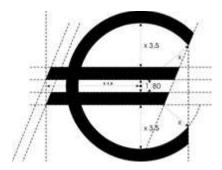


NEXT

Croma is the Electronic retail store for the Tata Group and Videocon's electronic store is Next.



Answer 06:



Epsilon used as the symbol for European currency. Parallel lines represent stability.

Answer 07: Steve Wozniak.

Stephen Gary "Wozniak (born August 11, 1950 in San Jose, California) is an American computer engineer who founded Apple Computer (now Apple Inc.) with Steve Jobs.

Answer 08: AIRTEL, SINGTEL 31%

Answer 09:



MICROSOFT

Answer 10: Fans



Answer 11: BRAND AMBASSADOR FOR RED TAPE - Salman Khan.

Though he gets very few endorsements due to his legal battles. Red Tape signed Mr. Khan once again.

Answer 12: Verizon and VeriSign.

Verizon Communications Inc. is an American broadband and telecommunications company. VeriSign operates a diverse array of network infrastructure, including two of the Internet's thirteen root name servers, the generic top-level domains for .com and .net.



Answer 13: The Omega Speedmaster.

Answer 14: Vishwanathan Anand. He is the Brand Ambassador

Answer 15: Hyundai. Hyundai Electronics was shortened to hynix.

Answer 16: Toshiba. The world's fastest elevator : 16.83 m/s or 60.6 km/h.

Answer 17: 'Quotations from Chairman Mao' also called 'the Little Red Book'. It is a collection of quotations excerpted from Mao Zedong's past speeches and publications.

Answer 18: Nike. Nike bought Umbro (£285m, \$32 billion) and Converse (\$305million).

Answer 19: Hewlett packard. The elite notebook series.

Answer 20:



Orange being bought over by the Hutchinson Group and the Hutchinson Group being bought over by Vodafone.



Answer 01: All are World Environment Day logos.

Answer 02: Captain Planet

Robert Larkin III co-created Captain Planet with Ted Turner and media innovator Barbara Pyle in 1990 with the intent of entertaining viewers and increasing awareness of environmental hazards. Captain Planet was summoned whenever the five Planeteers combined the forces of their elemental rings. This emphasized the show's premise that only by working together could people protect the planet and provide solutions to environmental problems. Likewise, Captain Planet's appearance did not identify him with any one culture or ethnicity, as his hair was Forest Green and his skin was Sky Blue.

Answer 03: Gaia

Gaia is the primal Greek goddess personifying the Earth. Gaia is a primordial and chthonic deity in the Ancient Greek pantheon and considered a Mother Goddess or Great Goddess.

Her equivalent in the Roman pantheon was Terra.

Answer 04: Agent Orange.

Agent Orange is the code name for a herbicide and defoliant used by the U.S. military in its Herbicidal Warfare program during the Vietnam War, when an estimated 21,136,000 gal. (80 000 m³) of Agent Orange were sprayed across South Vietnam. 4.8 million Vietnamese people were exposed to Agent Orange, resulting in 400,000 deaths and disabilities, and 500,000 children born with birth defects. From 1961 to 1971, Agent Orange was by far the most widely used of the so-called "Rainbow Herbicides" employed in the Herbicidal Warfare program. During the production of Agent Orange (as well as Agents Purple, Pink, and Green) dioxins were produced as a contaminant, which have caused health problems for those exposed during the Vietnam War. Agents Blue and White were part of the same program but did not contain dioxins.

Answer 05: United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA or US EPA)

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA or sometimes USEPA) is an agency of the federal government of the United States charged to regulate chemicals and protect human health by safeguarding the natural environment: air, water, and land. The EPA was proposed by President Richard Nixon and began operation on December 2, 1970, when its establishment was passed by Congress, and signed into law by President Nixon, and has since been chiefly responsible for the environmental policy of the United States. It is led by its Administrator, who is appointed by the President of the United States. The EPA is not a Cabinet agency, but the Administrator is normally given cabinet rank. Lisa P. Jackson is the current Administrator. The agency has approximately 18,000 full-time employees.

Answer 06: Petroleum Conservation Research Association (PCRA).

PCRA, on behalf of the Govt. of India, Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas, has been working for the development and deployment of strategies for energy conservation and environment protection in the major sectors of economy i.e. Industry, agriculture, Transport, Domestic and Commercial.



Answer 07: Finding Nemo

Answer 08: Al Gore

Albert Arnold "Al" Gore, Jr. (born March 31, 1948) is an American environmental activist who served as the 45th Vice President of the United States from 1993 to 2001 under President Bill Clinton. He is an author, businessperson, Nobel Peace Prize laureate, and former journalist. Gore also starred in the 2006 documentary An Inconvenient Truth, which won an Academy Award in 2007 and wrote the book An Inconvenient Truth: The Planetary Emergency of Global Warming and What We Can Do About It, which won a Grammy Award for Best Spoken Word Album in February, 2009.

Answer 09: Egalitarian.

Nature ephemeral types are commonly known as egalitarians. These people have strong group loyalties and act solely upon the rules imposed to them by nature. Democracy is a very important political term for egalitarians. They often join environmental pressure groups in order to influence politics. Some Greenpeace activists may be typical egalitarians.

Answer 10: Reverse Osmosis (RO) Technology.

Reverse osmosis is a filtration process that is often used for water. It works by using pressure to force a solution through a membrane, retaining the solute on one side and allowing the pure solvent to pass to the other side. This is the reverse of the normal osmosis process, which is the natural movement of solvent from an area of low solute concentration, through a membrane, to an area of high solute concentration when no external pressure is applied.

Answer 11: Acid Rain.

Acid rain is rain or any other form of precipitation that is unusually acidic. It has harmful effects on plants, aquatic animals, and infrastructure. Acid rain is mostly caused by human emissions of sulfur and nitrogen compounds which react in the atmosphere to produce acids. In recent years, many governments have introduced laws to reduce these emissions.

Answer 12: Yellowstone National Park.

Yellowstone National Park, established by the U.S. Congress as a national park on March 1, 1872, is located primarily in the U.S. state of Wyoming, though it also extends into Montana and Idaho. The park was the first of its kind, and is known for its wildlife and its many geothermal features, especially Old Faithful Geyser, one of the most popular features in the park. It has many types of ecosystems, but the subalpine forest is dominant.

The Roosevelt Arch (represented in picture 1) is the north entrance to Yellowstone National Park in Gardiner, Montana. The arch's cornerstone was laid down by President of the United States Theodore Roosevelt, a freemason, in 1903. The top of the arch is inscribed with a quote from the Organic Act of 1872, the legislation which created Yellowstone, which reads "For the Benefit and Enjoyment of the People."

The plot of most of Yogi's cartoons (Picture 2) centered on his antics in the fictional Jellystone Park, a takeoff on the famous Yellowstone National Park. Yogi, accompanied by his reluctant best friend Boo Boo, would often try to steal picnic baskets from campers in the park, much to



the chagrin of Park Ranger Smith. A girlfriend, Cindy Bear, turned up sometimes, and usually disapproved of Yogi's antics.

Answer 13: Juan Rafael Elvira Quesada (born 11 April 1956 in Mexico City) is a Mexican politician affiliated to the National Action Party and currently serving as Secretary of the Environment and Natural Resources in the cabinet of Felipe Calderon. He is also a former Municipal President of Uruapan, Michoacan.

WED 2009's host is Mexico which reflects the growing role of the Latin American country in the fight against climate change, including its growing participation in the carbon markets.

The theme for WED 2009 is 'Your Planet Needs You - UNite to Combat Climate Change'. It reflects the urgency for nations to agree on a new deal at the crucial climate convention meeting in Copenhagen some 180 days later in the year, and the links with overcoming poverty and improved management of forests.

Answer 14: REVA Electric Car Company (RECC).

The REVA Electric Car Company (RECC) is an Indian company based in Bangalore, designing and manufacturing electric cars. It is formed as a joint venture between Maini Group of India and AEV LLC of California and venture backed by lead US investors Global Environment Fund and Draper Fischer Jurvetson.

Answer 15: Buckminsterfullerene (C60) belongong to the fullerene family.

The fullerene family of carbon molecules possess a range of unique properties. A fullerene nanotube has tensile strength about 20 times that of high-strength steel alloys, and a density half that of aluminum. Carbon nanotubes demonstrate superconductive properties, and single nanotubes up to 4 centimeters in length have been synthesized. A range of companies exists to develop nanotubes for commercial applications, including computer memory, electronic wires, and materials science. One day nanotubes could be used to create futuristic computers not possible with conventional lithographic techniques.

Fullerenes are a family of carbon allotropes, molecules composed entirely of carbon, in the form of a hollow sphere, ellipsoid, tube, or plane. Spherical fullerenes are also called buckyballs, and cylindrical ones are called carbon nanotubes or buckytubes. Graphene is an example of a planar fullerene sheet. Fullerenes are similar in structure to graphite, which is composed of stacked sheets of linked hexagonal rings, but may also contain pentagonal (or sometimes heptagonal) rings that would prevent a sheet from being planar.

The fullerene was discovered in 1985 by Robert Curl, Harold Kroto and Richard Smalley at the University of Sussex and Rice University, who named it after Richard Buckminster Fuller, whose geodesic domes it resembles.

Answer 16: An Inconvenient Truth is a 2006 documentary film about global warming directed by Davis Guggenheim, presented by former United States Vice President Al Gore. The film premiered at the 2006 Sundance Film Festival and opened in New York and Los Angeles on May 24, 2006. The film was released on DVD by Paramount Home Entertainment on November 21, 2006. A companion book by Gore, An Inconvenient Truth: The Planetary Emergency of Global Warming and What We Can Do About It, reached #1 on the paperback nonfiction New York Times bestseller list on July 2, 2006. The documentary won Academy Awards for Best Documentary Feature and for Best Original Song.



Earning \$49 million at the box office worldwide, An Inconvenient Truth is the fifth-highest-grossing documentary film to date in the United States (in nominal dollars, from 1982 to the present), after Fahrenheit 9/11, March of the Penguins, Earth and Sicko.

Answer 17: Global Dimming.

Global dimming is the gradual reduction in the amount of global direct irradiance at the Earth's surface that was observed for several decades after the start of systematic measurements in the 1950s. The effect varies by location, but worldwide it has been estimated to be of the order of a 4% reduction over the three decades from 1960-1990. However, after discounting an anomaly caused by the eruption of Mount Pinatubo in 1991, a very slight reversal in the overall trend has been observed.

It is thought to have been caused by an increase in particulates such as sulphate aerosols in the atmosphere due to human action. The switch from a "global dimming" trend to a "brightening" trend in 1990 happened just as global aerosol levels started to decline. Global dimming has interfered with the hydrological cycle by reducing evaporation and may have reduced rainfall in some areas. Global dimming also creates a cooling effect that may have partially masked the effect of greenhouse gases on global warming.

Deliberate manipulation of this dimming effect is now being considered as a geoengineering technique to reduce the impact of climate change.

Answer 18: Light Pollution.

Light pollution, also known as photopollution or luminous pollution, is excessive or obtrusive artificial light. The International Dark-Sky Association (IDA), "The Light Pollution Authority," defines light pollution as:

"Any adverse effect of artificial light including sky glow, glare, light trespass, light clutter, decreased visibility at night, and energy waste."

It obscures the stars in the night sky for city dwellers, interferes with astronomical observatories, and, like any other form of pollution, disrupts ecosystems and has adverse health effects. Light pollution can be divided into two main types: 1) annoying light that intrudes on an otherwise natural or low-light setting and 2) excessive light (generally indoors) that leads to discomfort and adverse health effects. Since the early 1980s, a global dark-sky movement has emerged, with concerned people campaigning to reduce the amount of light pollution.

Answer 19: 169.

The Kingdom of Tonga is an archipelago in the South Pacific Ocean comprising 169 islands, 36 of them inhabited, stretching over a distance of about 800 kilometres (500 miles) in a north-south line. The islands lie south of Samoa, about one-third of the way from New Zealand to Hawaii.

Tonga, the only sovereign monarchy among the island nations of the Pacific Ocean, has the distinction of being the only island nation in the region to have avoided formal colonization.

The world also knows the islands of Tonga as the Friendly Islands because of the friendly reception accorded to Captain Cook on his first visit in 1773. He happened to arrive at the time of the 'inasi festival, the yearly donation of the first fruits to the Tu'i Tonga, the islands' paramount chief, and was invited to the festivities. According to the writer William Mariner, in



reality the chiefs had wanted to kill Cook during the gathering, but were unable to agree on a plan.

Answer 20: Green Peace.

Pic 1: Dove = Peace and the color of the dove was to make it Green Peace. :)

Pic 2: Logo of Green Peace.

Greenpeace is an international non-governmental organization for the protection and conservation of the environment. Greenpeace uses direct action, lobbying and research to achieve its goals. Greenpeace has a worldwide presence with national and regional offices in 46 countries, which are affiliated to the Amsterdam-based Greenpeace International. The global organization receives its income through the individual contributions of an estimated 3 million financial supporters.

Greenpeace, originally known as the Greenpeace Foundation, was founded in Vancouver, British Columbia, in 1971. On September 15, 1971, the Don't Make a Wave Committee sent an eighty foot halibut seiner "Phyllis Cormack", from Vancouver, to oppose the United States testing nuclear devices in Amchitka, Alaska. While the boat never reached its destination and was turned back by the US military, this campaign was deemed the first using the name Greenpeace.



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